ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended June 30, 2020

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Orange County Transportation Authority Orange, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Local Transportation Fund (LTF), a special revenue fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the LTF, of OCTA, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the LTF and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of OCTA, as of June 30, 2020, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of disbursements is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of disbursements is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of disbursements is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2020 on our consideration of OCTA's internal control over financial reporting, as it relates to the LTF, and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of OCTA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, as it relates to the LTF. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OCTA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance, as it relates to the LTF.

Crowe LLP

Crowe HP

Costa Mesa, California November 16, 2020

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2020

ASSETS Cash and investments Interest receivable Due from other governments (Note 3)	\$ 11,785,644 15,644
Total assets	<u>\$ 40,593,472</u>
LIABILITIES Due to other governments (Note 4) Due to other OCTA funds (Note 5) Total liabilities	\$ 162,301
FUND BALANCE Restricted for transportation programs	29,150,462
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 40,593,472

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE For the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES Local transportation sales tax allocations Investment income Total revenues	\$165,146,028 141,033 165,287,061
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	4 000 000
Supplies and services	1,802,362
Contributions to other agencies	2,372,115
Total expenditures	4,174,477
Excess of revenues over expenditures	161,112,584
OTHER FINANCING USES	
Transfers to other OCTA funds (Note 6)	(164,917,659)
	
Net change in fund balance	(3,805,075)
Fund balance, beginning of year	32,955,537
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 29,150,462

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Local Transportation Fund (LTF) is a special revenue fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA). The LTF financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of OCTA, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made for certain transit projects within Orange County.

The LTF was created by the Transportation Development Act (TDA) for specific transportation purposes. Revenues to the LTF are derived from a ¼ cent state sales and use tax. The ¼ cent is returned by the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration (CDTFA) to each county according to the amount of tax collected in that county.

The Orange County Transit District (OCTD) of OCTA is a transit operator and OCTA is the regional Transportation Planning Agency (TPA) for the County of Orange, California (County). Annually, the TPA determines each area's apportionment of LTF revenues. Generally, County LTF revenues are apportioned by population. Where there is a transit operator, separate apportionments are made to areas within and outside the district. Once funds are apportioned, they are only available for allocation to claimants in that area. Payments from the LTF are made by the County Auditor-Controller in accordance with allocation instructions issued by OCTA.

Article 3 of the TDA stipulates that, based on the County's population of more than 500,000, OCTA is eligible to receive LTF revenues solely for claims for the following, which are allocated in specific priority order: administration, planning and programming; Section 99234 of Article 3, which are claims for pedestrian and bicycle facilities; Article 4, which are for general transit operations and services; and Article 4.5, which are claims for community transit services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the LTF are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles for governmental units.

<u>Fund Accounting</u>: The LTF activities and transactions are recorded and accounted for in a special revenue fund of OCTA. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are usually required by law or administrative regulation to be accounted for in separate funds. The LTF accounts for revenues received and expenditures made for certain transit projects within Orange County. Financing is generated from a ¼ cent state sales and use tax pursuant to the TDA. Expenditures of these monies must be made in accordance with TDA provisions. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity wherein operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that record resources, related liabilities, and equity segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting: The LTF financial statements have been prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Measurable means that amounts can be estimated or otherwise determined. Available means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered available if they are collected within 90 days of year end. Amounts not collected within the availability period are classified as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. Liabilities are considered current when they are expected to be liquidated with available financial resources.

<u>Cash and Investments</u>: The LTF maintains its deposits in the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP), as required by State statute. Oversight of the OCIP is performed by the Orange County Treasury Oversight Committee. The fair value of the LTF's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the LTF's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by OCIP for the entire OCIP portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). Deposits and withdrawals are made on the basis of \$1.00 (absolute dollars) and not fair value. Investment income earned by the pooled cash and investments in the OCIP is allocated based on average cash and investment balance. The OCIP is not rated.

For information on cash and investment disclosures relating to LTF's deposits in the OCIP, please see OCTA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: The LTF classifies fund balance based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

Fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2020 consists of the following:

Restricted – Resources that are constrained to specific purposes by an external provider (e.g. grantors, contributors, governmental laws and regulations) or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For the LTF, amounts are restricted pursuant to the TDA.

When funds of different classifications are available for the same purpose, the spending priority is to spend restricted resources before unrestricted resources, and within the unrestricted category, committed followed by assigned fund balance.

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments of \$28,792,184 represents a TDA receivable due from the State of California.

NOTE 4 – DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due to other governments of \$162,301 represents amounts due to other agencies for use in transit projects.

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - DUE TO OTHER OCTA FUNDS

Due to other OCTA funds as of June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

OCTD for transit operations \$ 11,023,245 OCTA for planning and administration \$ 257,464

\$ 11,280,709

NOTE 6 - TRANSFERS

Transfers to other OCTA funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

OCTD for transit operations \$ 161,006,227 OCTA for planning and administration \$ 3,911,432

\$ 164,917,659

NOTE 7 - RECENT EVENT

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus has spread around the world resulting in business and social disruption. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. In March 2020, the State of California issued a statewide shelter-in-place order that continues to have a significant impact on the operations and business results of OCTA. OCTA cannot predict the extent and duration of the impact on its activities, including fluctuations in sales tax receipts from the LTF. The extent to which the coronavirus may impact the LTF will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus. Management has not included any contingencies in the financial statements specific to this recent event.



ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Local transportation sales					
tax allocations	\$ 176,672,584	\$176,672,584	\$165,146,028	\$ (11,526,556)	
Investment income	46,240	46,240	141,033	94,793	
Total revenues	176,718,824	176,718,824	165,287,061	(11,431,763)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Supplies and services	2,267,269	2,267,269	1,802,362	464,907	
Contributions to other local agencies	2,472,930	2,472,930	2,372,115	100,815	
Total expenditures	4,740,199	4,740,199	4,174,477	565,722	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	171,978,625	171,978,625	161,112,584	(10,866,041)	
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers to other OCTA funds	(171,978,625)	(171,978,625)	(164,917,659)	7,060,966	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(3,805,075)	(3,805,075)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	32,955,537	32,955,537	32,955,537		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 32,955,537	\$ 32,955,537	\$ 29,150,462	\$ (3,805,075)	

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the year ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY DATA

The LTF maintains accounting control through formal adoption of an annual operating budget. The operating budget is prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, except for multi-year contracts, for which the entire amount of the contract is budgeted and encumbered in the year of execution. The adopted budget may be amended by the OCTA Board of Directors (Board) to increase appropriations and estimated revenues as unforeseen circumstances come to management's attention. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations, adjusted for supplemental appropriations, during the year. OCTA division heads are authorized to approve appropriation transfers within major objects subject to approval by the Finance and Administration Division. Major objects are defined as: Salaries and Benefits, Supplies and Services, and Capital Outlay. Supplies and Services include Contributions to Other Local Agencies, Debt Service and Transfers. Appropriation transfers between major objects require approval of the Board. Accordingly, the legal level of budgetary control, that is the level that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations, is at the major object level. With the exception of amounts that have been encumbered, appropriations lapse at year end.

ORANGE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND SCHEDULE OF DISBURSEMENTS For the year ended June 30, 2020

<u>Claimant</u>	Article 3 Administration		cle 3 ning	Article 4 Operating and <u>Capital</u>	Article 4.5 Paratransit Operating and Capital	<u>Total</u>
City of Laguna Beach County of Orange	\$ 2,9	- \$	- :	\$ 1,114,503	\$ -	\$ 1,114,503 2.939
Orange County Transit District	2,0	-	-	152,900,190	8,106,037	161,006,227
Orange County Transportation Authority	147,4	12 3,7	64,020	-	-	3,911,432
Southern California Association of Governments			54,673			1,254,673
Total disbursements	\$ 150,3	<u>\$ 5,0</u>	18,693	\$154,014,693	\$ 8,106,037	\$167,289,774



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Orange County Transportation Authority Orange, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Local Transportation Fund (LTF), a special revenue fund of the Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the LTF's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2020. As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the LTF and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of OCTA, the changes in its financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered OCTA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance (internal control), as it relates to the LTF, as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OCTA's internal control, as it relates to the LTF. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OCTA's internal control, as it relates to the LTF.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the LTF's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crown HP

Costa Mesa, California November 16, 2020